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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE **United States Patent and Trademark Office**

April 14, 2004

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT ANNEXED HERETO IS A TRUE COPY FROM THE RECORDS OF THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE OF THOSE PAPERS OF THE BELOW IDENTIFIED PATENT APPLICATION THAT MET THE REQUIREMENTS TO BE GRANTED A FILING DATE.

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By Authority of the COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS

> M. K. HAWKINS **Certifying Officer**

PRIORITY

	PROVISION	VAL AP	PLICATI	ON COVER	SHEET	PTO
is a request f	or filing a PROVISIONAL	APPLICA	TION under 37	CFR 1.53(c).		
				Docket Number	233054US	<u>=</u>
PT.		INVENT	TOR(s)/APPLI	CANT(s)		996 U.S.
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ATIS Balanda · Newark, New Jersey USA						
Additional i	nventors are named on ser	parately nun	bered sheets at	tached hereto.		
	TITLE OF	THE INV	ENTION (280	CHARACTERS M	IAX)	
NON-AQUEOUS	MAKE-UP COMPOSIT	IONS CON	TAINING AN	EMULSIFIER		
		CORRE	SPONDENCE	ADDRESS		
Phone: (703) 4	3-3000				Fax: (703) 4	13-2220
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		ENCLOSI	ED APPLICAT	TION PARTS		
Specification Spe	n Number of Pages:	6		CD(s), Number		
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		MOET	THOD OF PA	YMENT		
☐ Applicant of	laims small entity status.	See 37 CFF	R 1.27.			

The invention was made by an agency of the United States Government or under a contract with an agency of the United States Government.

⊠ No.

Yes, the name of the U.S. Government agency and the Government contract number are:

A check or money order is enclosed to cover the Provisional Filing Fees

overpayment to Deposit Account Number 15-0030

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge filing fees and credit any

Respectfully Submitted,

DATE Richard L. Treanor

Registration Number

36,371

PROVISIONAL FILING FEE

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Daniel J. Pereira, Ph.D.

Registration No.

45,518

PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FILING ONLY

APPLICATION DATA SHEET

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Application Type:: PROVISIONAL

Subject Matter:: UTILITY CD-ROM or CD-R?:: NONE

Title:: NON-AQUEOUS MAKE-UP

COMPOSITIONS CONTAINING AN

EMULSIFIER

Attorney Docket Number:: 233054US

INVENTOR INFORMATION

Applicant Authority Type:: INVENTOR
Primary Citizenship Country:: United States
Status:: FULL CAPACITY

Given Name:: Balanda
Family Name:: ATIS
City of Residence:: Newark
State or Province of Residence:: New Jersey

Country of Residence:: USA

Street of Mailing Address:: 40 Synott Place

City of Mailing Address::

State or Province of Mailing Address::

Newark

New Jersey

Country of Mailing Address:: USA
Postal or Zip Code of Mailing Address:: 07106

CORRESPONDENCE INFORMATION

Correspondence Customer Number:: 22850

REPRESENTATIVE INFORMATION

Representative Customer Number:: 22850

ASSIGNMENT INFORMATION

Assignee Name:: L'OREAL

Street of Mailing Address:: 14, rue Royale

City of Mailing Address:: Paris
Country of Mailing Address:: France
Postal or Zip Code of Mailing Address:: 75008

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

Non-aqueous make-up compositions comprising an emulsifier

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

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The present invention relates to long-wearing non-aqueous based make-up compositions such as mascara.

Discussion of the Related Art

Non-aqueous make-up compositions such as mascara are generally well-known. There are several properties of such compositions that are desirable for the wearer such as long-wear, resistance to water exposure, smooth consistency, glossiness and overall satisfactory appearance. Accordingly, there is a need in the cosmetic art to provide make-up compositions such as mascara that exhibit these properties.

Emulsifiers useful in cosmetic compositions are generally well-known. As the name suggests emulsifiers are used to facilitate the emulsion of oil and water phases in various compositions.

Prior to the present invention the addition of an emulsifier to a non-aqueous based makeup composition had not been described. The present inventors have surprisingly discovered that the wear of make-up such as mascara can be significantly improved by the addition of one or more emulsifiers.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, one object of the present invention is to provide a non-aqueous based makeup composition comprising one or more emulsifiers. Preferably, the emulsifier(s) are present in an amount suitable for imparting a long-wear property to the make-up composition. In one embodiment, the make-up is a mascara composition.

In an another embodiment, the emulsifier(s) are Tween 20, Glyceryl Stearate, Stearic acid, and/or sodium dihyroxycetyl phosphate.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method of preparing a long-wearing make-up composition by adding one or more emulsifiers to the make-up composition.

Preferably, the emulsifier(s) are added in an amount suitable for imparting a long-wear property to the make-up composition.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method of making-up the eyes, hair, lips, and/or skin with the compositions of the present invention.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The non-aqueous make-up compositions which can benefit from the addition of the emulsifier are generally any make-up commonly prepared for use in the cosmetic industry. In one embodiment, the non-aqueous make-up composition is mascara.

Examples of such compositions and methods of preparing the same are described in U.S. Patents 5945095; 595900; 6251375; and 6423306, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Emulsifiers useful for the non-aqueous make-up compositions are described, for example, in International Cosmetic Ingredient Dictionary and Handbook, 9th Ed (2002), the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference. Examples of emulsifiers useful for the invention are Tween 20, Glyceryl Stearate, Stearic acid, and/or sodium dihyroxycetyl phosphate. When using stearic acid it is preferred to combine with triethanolamine (TEA).

The emulsifier(s) are present in the non-aqueous make-up compositions such that they improve the wear of the composition to which it(they) is added.

"Long-wear," "Improved wear" and similar terminology means the ability of the non-aqueous make-up composition to stay on the applied surface for long periods of time. As used in the present invention, the terms refer to the ability of the present compositions to stay on the surface relative to similar compositions except that the emulsifier is not added.

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Methods of preparing the non-aqueous make-up compositions are within the skill of the art. For example, as described in U.S. Patents 5945095; 595900; 6251375; and 6423306, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

The non-aqueous make-up compositions can also contain other suitable ingredients employed in cosmetic or topical compositions may be employed in conjunction with the present invention. Such additives include, but are not limited to one or more preservatives such as methyl paraben, butyl paraben, propyl paraben, phenoxyethanol, sulfuric acid, benzoic acid, imidazolidinyl urea and other conventional preservatives, antioxidants, emollients, conditioning agents, vitamins, vitamin derivatives, water proofing additives, botanical extracts, fillers, colorants, and fragrances.

Having generally described this invention, a further understanding can be obtained by reference to certain specific examples which are provided herein for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to be limiting unless otherwise specified.

The compositions can be used for making-up the eyes, hair, lips, and/or skin by applying the compositions of the present invention to the appropriate surface.

EXAMPLES

Various mascara compositions were prepared according to standard protocols as shown in the following Table:

		%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Phase	iNCI Name	Ex 1	EX. 2	EX 3	Ex. 4	Ex. 5	Ex. 6	Ex. 6
4	Isododecane	51.33	31.19	30.89	31.90	31.69	30.19	30.99
	MK Resin	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
	Versagel MD 870	2.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
	Quaternium-18 Hectorite	2.00	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
	Black Iron Oxide	5.00	9.00	6.00	9.00	9.00	0.00	6.00
ω	Propylene Carbonate	99.0	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80
	TEA	N/A	N/A	0.30	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.20
Ú	Paraffin	3 00	3 00	0	00	9	00	00 %
)	Camilba Wax		200	3.50	3,50	3.50	3.50	2 6
	Beeswax	2.00	6.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	6.00
	Polyamide Resin	5.00	00'9	6.00	00.9	9.00	9.00	00'9
	Synthetic Beeswax	4.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
	Lexorez 200	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
	Hydrogenated Polyisobutene	2.00	N/A/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ν	N/A
	Phenoxyethanol	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
	Permethyl 108A (Polyisobutene)	N/A	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
	Sodium Dihydroxycetyl Phosphate	Ą	1.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.00	1.00
	Stearlc Acid	N/A	N A	0.50	0.50	N/A	N/A	Α/N
	Glyceryl Stearate	N/A	N/A	0.50	0.50	N A A	N/A	A/N
	Tween 20	N/A	Z V	N/A	N/A	0.5	NA	N/A
Ω	Ultrasol (Alkyl Acrylates Copolymer)	A/N	5.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00

The mascara compositions prepared above were tested in a Waterproof Study which was conducted as follows. Place a measured amount of product onto a glass slide and allow it to dry in room temperature chamber for 24 hours. Place slide in a beaker and immerse slide in a measured amount sufficient to cover slide. Place a stir bar in the middle of the slide and place on a stir plate. Allow the stir bar to turn at medium speed over slide for 2hours. After 2 hours, determine if the stir bar has made a hole. If there is not a hole present, the product is deemed to be waterproof. The results of this study are presented in the following Table:

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Example	Emulsifier System	Bulk Result	Waterproof Study
. 1	N/A	Matte, dry, grainy	Passed with some
, and the second		consistency	smudging noted
2	Sodium	High gloss and smooth	Passed
	Dihydroxycetyl	consistency	
	Phosphate		
3	Stearic Acid, Glyceryl	Higher gloss, smoother	Passed
	Stearate,	consistency in	
	Triethanolamine	comparison to original	
4	Stearic Acid, Glyceryl	Less shiny, slightly more	Passed
	Stearate, without	viscous, consistency is	
	Triethanolamine -	less smooth in	
		comparison to previous	
		batch, still better than	
		original batch	
5	Tween 20	Higher gloss in	Passed
	·	comparison to original	
		batch, consistency has	
		slightly improved	
6	Increased Sodium	High Gloss, very good	Passed
	Dihydroxycetyl	consistency comparable	
	Phosphate	to batch containing less	
		of same emulsifier	
7	Sodium	Less glossy than	Passed
	Dihydroxycetyl	previous batch, better	
	Phosphate,	than original batch	
	Triethanolamine	without emulsifier	